Universal Digital Light Source Controller N02C Built-in Power Supply Series User Manual



Thank you for choosing our company's product. Please read this user manual carefully before use.

Revised in April 2025, Version 1.3

Precautions:

	<u>^</u> Warnings			
	This product requires an external power supply for power. Ensure the power switch of the controller is			
(1)	in the OFF position when plugging in or unplugging the power supply to prevent electric shock.			
\wedge	Before using this product, please read this manual in detail; when using this product, follow the			
	operations specified in this manual.			
	In case of abnormal conditions, please contact our company. Do not disassemble or assemble the			
	product by yourself.			
	Ensure the product is properly grounded to prevent electric shock.			
\triangle	When using the matching light source, do not look directly at the light emitted by the light source to			
	avoid eye damage.			

Document Version Description:

Version No.	Revision Date	Revision Description
V1.1	2024.Jun	New version release
V1.2	2024.Nov	Added precautions and document version description Fixed known issues
V1.3	2025.Mar	Updated content and version format

Standard Shipping List

Product Name	Model	Туре	Quantity
Light Source Controller	N02C Series (See 1.2 Product Selection for details)		1
Serial Cable	1.5M Male-to-Female		1
Terminal Block	3.81-5P	Coco Co	1
Terminal Block	3.81-2P	70	1
Power Cable	1.5M		1

Note: If you have other requirements for the shipping configuration, please contact the salesperson or distributor in a timely manner.

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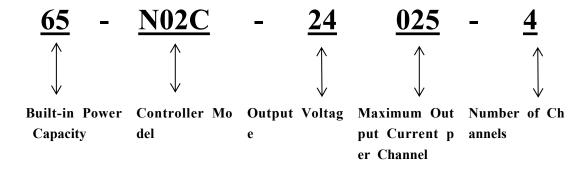
1. Product Introduction

1.1 Product Features

- Supports RS232 communication
- Built-in 24V switching power supply
- Low trigger response time
- Supports external trigger mode
- Supports millisecond-level stroboscopic and microsecond-level stroboscopic functions
- Manual adjustment of brightness and mode
- 5~24V bidirectional trigger, compatible with high/low level trigger modes
- Compact size, easy to install (screw mounting or C45 DIN rail mounting)

1.2 Product Selection

Model	Built-in Power Capacity	Maximum Current per Channel		
12V Output				
DBS-DV120-N02C-12030-8	120W	3A		
DBS-DV65-N02C-12020-8	65W	2A		
	24VOutput			
DBS-DV65-N02C-24025-2	65W	2.5A		
DBS-DV120-N02C-24040-2	120W	4.0A		
DBS-DV200-N02C-24040-2	200W	4.0A		
DBS-DV65-N02C-24025-4	65W	2.5A		
DBS-DV120-N02C-24040-4	120W	4A		
DBS-DV200-N02C-24040-4	200W	4A		
DBS-DV65-N02C-24020-8	65W	2A		
DBS-DV120-N02C-24030-8	120W	3A		
DBS-DV200-N02C-24030-8	200W	3A		
DBS-DV120-N02C-24020-16	120W	2A		
DBS-DV200-N02C-24020-16	200W	2A		
DBS-DV350-N02C-24020-16	350W	2A		
DBS-DV450-N02C-24020-16	450W	2A		
DBS-DV500-N02C-24020-16	500W	2A		



1.3 Main Parameters

Table 1 Main Parameters

Item	Parameter	Description
Input Voltage	AC220V	For built-in switching power supply
Output Voltage	24V/12V(Optional)	Voltage of the built-in switching power supply
Output Current	Optional	Maximum current per channel
Overcurrent Protection	None	
Overvoltage Protection	None	
Operating Mode	4 types	0: Constant Off; 1: Constant On; 2: Millisecond-level Stroboscopic; 3: Microsecond-level Stroboscopic
Light Emitting Mode	Constant On/Constant Off/Stroboscopic	External trigger available in Constant Off and Stroboscopic modes
Trigger Method	Edge + Level Trigger	Edge trigger for stroboscopic mode; Level trigger for Constant On/Off modes
Constant On Brightness Level	255	255-level brightness adjustment
Millisecond-level Stroboscopic Time	1~999	Unit: ms (millisecond)
Microsecond-level Stroboscopic Time	1~999	Unit: µs (microsecond)
Communication Baud Rate	9600bps	
Built-in Power Supply		Optional
Number of Channels		Optional
Connected Light Source Type		24V/12V (Optional) light source
Operating Ambient Temperature	-5~50°C	
Dimensions		See Appendix for details

1.4 Function Modes

Table 2 Function Modes (Taking Channel 1 as an Example)

Function	Nixie Tube Display Mode		Description
Brightness Setting	1. X	0 ≤ X ≤ 255	Brightness Setting
		X=0 Constant Off Mode	The light source is on when the trigger signal is valid.
		X=1 Constant On Mode	The light source is off when the trigger signal is valid.
工作模式	н1. х	X=2 Millisecond-level Stroboscopic Mode	Light flashes once (in milliseconds) when the trigger signal is valid (P. X , $1 \le X \le 999$, Unit: ms)
		X=3 Microsecond-level Stroboscopic Mode	Light flashes once (in microseconds) when the trigger signal is valid (P. X, $1 \le X \le 999$, Unit: μs)
L	ong press the MENU	button at H1.X to enter the follo	owing parameter editing modes
Level Trigger LL. X		X=0 Low Level Valid	Light turns on at low level
Mode		X=1 High Level Valid	Light turns on at high level
Trigger Mode	Lo. X	X=0	Level Trigger
Trigger Wode		X=1	Edge Trigger
Debounce Time Parameter	dt. X	0 ≤ X ≤ 99	X = debounce time, Unit: μs
	LH. X	X=0	No Linkage
Linkage Mode		X=1	IO Linkage
		X=2	Sequence Linkage

Note: For channels beyond Channel 9, channel numbers are represented by letters. Channels 10 to 16 are represented by A to G respectively.

2. User Instructions

2.1 Panel Description

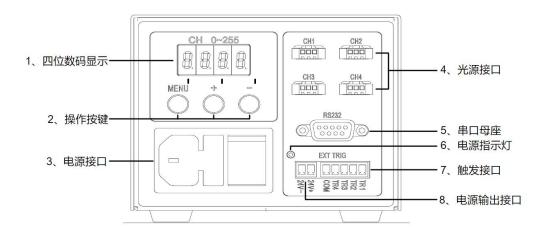


Figure 1 Front Panel

Table 3 Panel Interface Definition

No.	Name	Description
1	4-digit Nixie Tube	The first digit from the left is the current operating channel; the last three digits
	Display	are the corresponding value of the current operating channel
2	Operation Buttons	MENU: Function switching button; "+": Increase value; "-": Decrease value
3	Power Interface	AC220V interface
4	Light Source	Connect to 10mA~2.5A 24V/12V (Optional) light source
	Interface	
5	Serial Female Port	Connect to devices with RS232 interface
6	Power Indicator	Lights up when power is input
	Light	
7	Trigger Interface	Connect to external signals for trigger switching
8	Power Output	Outputs 24V voltage with a maximum current of 1A, for powering external
	Interface	devices

2.2 Light Source Interface Definition

Table 4 Light Source Interface Definition

	Position	Definition	Description
للبيبا	1	Light+	Positive pole of light source output
2	2	Empty	Not connected
1	3	Light-	Negative pole of light source output

2.3 Serial Port Interface Definition

The definition of the serial female port is shown in Figure 2; it is connected to the 9-pin serial port of the computer host using a parallel cable.

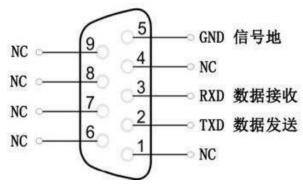


Figure 2 Serial Female Port Interface Definition

Table 5 Serial Female Port Interface Definition

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	NC	Not connected
2	TXD	Controller RS232 data transmission (RS232 level)
3	RXD	Controller RS232 data reception (RS232 level)
4	NC	Not connected
5	GND	RS232 signal ground
6	NC	Not connected
7	NC	Not connected
8	NC	Not connected
9	NC	Not connected

2.4 Trigger Description

2.4.1 Trigger Interface

The external trigger input interface is shown in Figure 3:



Figure 3 External Trigger Input Interface

There are 4 channels for the external trigger input interface; each channel has one trigger port TRx (x represents the channel number), and COM is the common port (can be connected to either the positive or negative pole of the power supply). A bidirectional optocoupler is built inside, and its electrical diagram is shown in Figure 4:

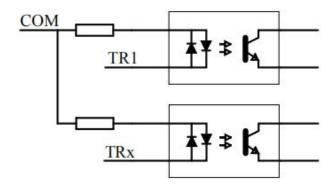


Figure 4 Internal Electrical Diagram of External Trigger

2.4.2 Trigger Interface Wiring Example

When the valid trigger signal is a rising edge or high level, the wiring is shown in Figure 5:

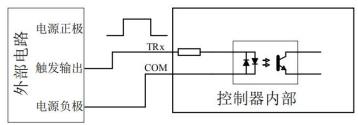


Figure 5 Wiring Example for Rising Edge or High Level Validity

Connect the trigger output of the external control circuit to TRx, and the negative pole of the power supply to COM. When there is a rising edge or high level at the trigger output terminal, the controller controls the output.

When the valid trigger signal is a falling edge or low level, the wiring is shown in Figure 6:

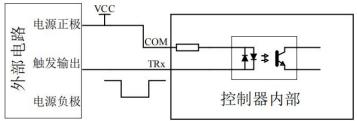


Figure 6 Wiring Example for Falling Edge or Low Level Validity

Connect the trigger output of the external control circuit to TRx, and the positive pole of the power supply to COM. When there is a falling edge or low level at the trigger output terminal, the controller controls the output.

2.4.3 Trigger Timing Diagrams

Constant Off Mode: When the controller receives a valid trigger input signal, the light source turns on. Taking high level validity as an example, the timing relationship is shown in Figure 7:

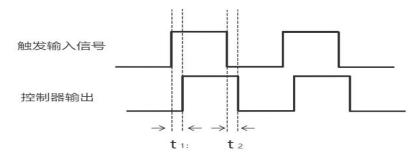


Figure 7 Constant Off Mode Timing Diagram

Parameter	Time
t_1	≤25us
t_2	≤150us

Constant On Mode: When the controller's trigger input signal is valid, the light source turns off. The timing relationship is illustrated with high-level validity as an example, as shown in Figure 8:

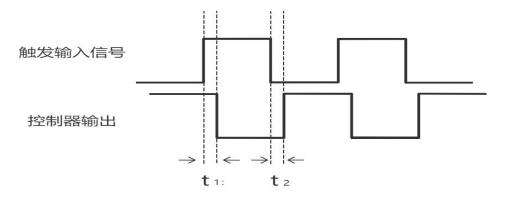


Figure 8 Constant On Mode Timing Diagram

Tigure o Constant On Wode Trining Diagram		
Parameter	Time	
t_1	≤25us	
t_2	≤150us	

Stroboscopic Mode: When the controller is set to millisecond-level or microsecond-level stroboscopic mode, the light source turns on when the trigger input signal is valid. The timing relationship is illustrated with high-level validity as an example, as shown in Figure 9:

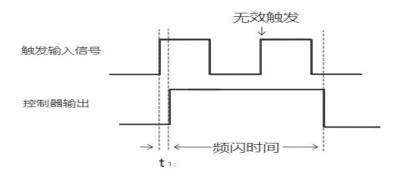


Figure 9 Stroboscopic Mode Timing Diagram

Parameter	Time
t_1	≤25us

2.5 Manual Settings

2.5.1 Brightness Setting

When the controller is turned on, the 4-digit nixie tube displays the channel number + brightness value. Initially, it shows Channel 1 and its brightness value. For example, if the previous brightness setting of Channel 1 was 10, the display will show "1.010". The following takes setting the brightness of Channel 2 to 125 as an example; the flow chart is shown in Figure 10.

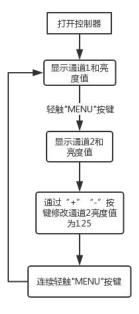


Figure 10 Brightness Setting Flow Chart

2.5.2 Operating Mode Setting

This controller model has 4 operating modes, which can be set via manual buttons or communication. For the 4 modes, refer to Table 2. The mode of each channel can be set independently. The following takes setting the mode of Channel 2 as an example; the setting method for other channels is similar.

2.5.3 Constant Off Mode Setting

The flow chart for setting Constant Off Mode of Channel 2 is shown in Figure 11.

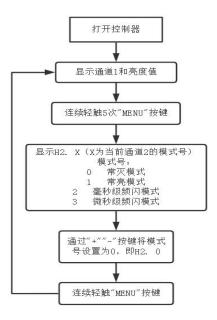


Figure 11 Constant Off Mode Setting Flow Chart

2.5.4 Constant On Mode Setting

The flow chart for setting Constant On Mode of Channel 2 is shown in Figure 12.

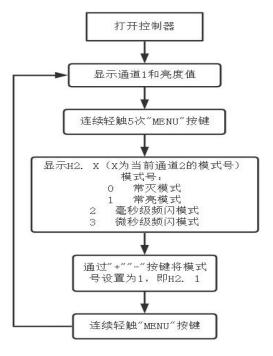


Figure 12 Constant On Mode Setting Flow Chart

2.5.5 Millisecond-level Stroboscopic Mode Setting

The flow chart for setting Millisecond-level Stroboscopic Mode and its stroboscopic time of Channel 2 is shown in Figure 13.

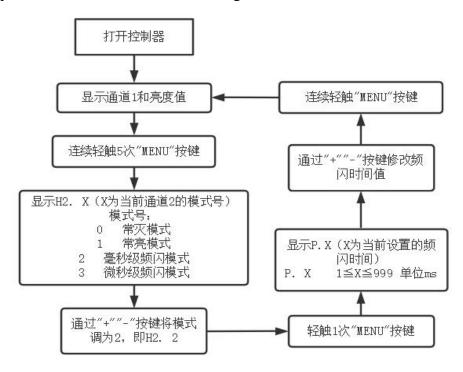


Figure 13 Millisecond-level Stroboscopic Mode and Time Setting Flow Chart **2.5.6 Microsecond-level Stroboscopic Mode Setting**

The flow chart for setting the microsecond-level stroboscopic mode and its stroboscopic time of Channel 2 is shown in Figure 14.

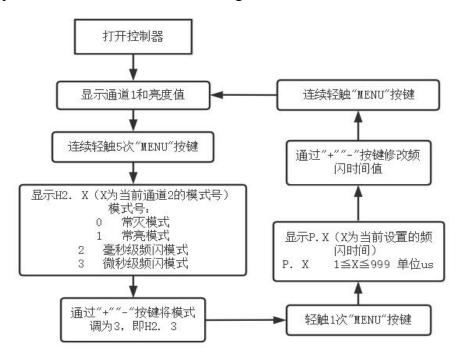


Figure 14 Flow Chart for Millisecond-level Stroboscopic Mode and Time Setting

2.5.7 High-level Trigger Mode Setting

The flow chart for setting the high-level trigger mode for all channels is shown in Figure 15.

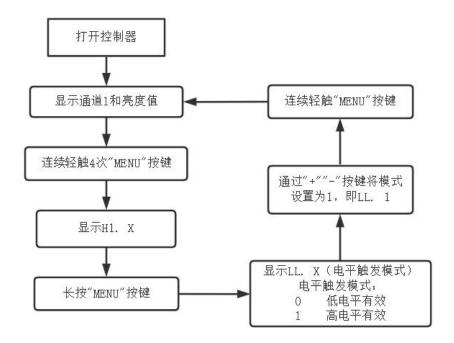


Figure 15 Flow Chart for High-level Trigger Mode Setting of All Channels **2.5.8 Edge Trigger Mode Setting**

The flow chart for setting the edge trigger mode for all channels is shown in Figure 16.

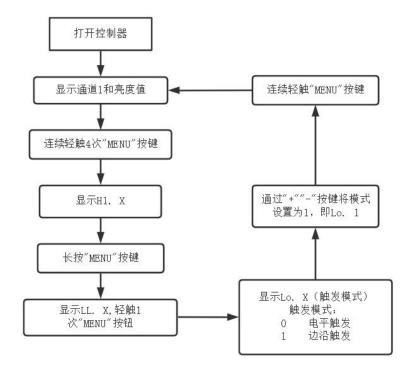


Figure 16 Flow Chart for Edge Trigger Mode Setting of All Channels

2.5.9 Debounce Time Parameter Setting

The flow chart for setting the debounce time parameter for all channels is shown in Figure 17.

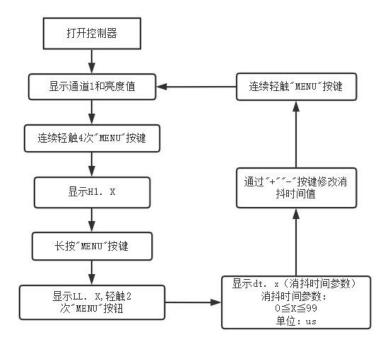


Figure 17 Flow Chart for Debounce Time Parameter Setting of All Channels

2.5.10 Key Lock Setting

Press and hold the MENU key when the channel and brightness values are displayed to lock the keys. After locking, you can switch between the data of each channel but cannot modify the data.

2.6 Linkage Mode Setting

This product provides two linkage modes: 1. IO Linkage; 2. Sequence Linkage. Users can select and set the mode according to actual needs.

2.6.1 IO Linkage Mode Setting

In IO linkage mode, when one of the trigger channels receives a trigger signal, the light sources of all four channels turn on simultaneously. The brightness of the light sources is determined by the group parameter settings (the brightness value is displayed on the screen). The setting method for other trigger channels is similar.

Description of IO Linkage Mode:

When the interface displays "n. 0", if a corresponding channel responds, the number "0" will change to the number of the responding channel.

Example: When a trigger signal is sent to Channel 1, the light sources of all four channels turn on simultaneously. The brightness of Channel 1 is 100, Channel 2 is 50, Channel 3 is 150, and Channel 4 is 100.

The flow chart for IO linkage mode setting is shown in Figure 18.

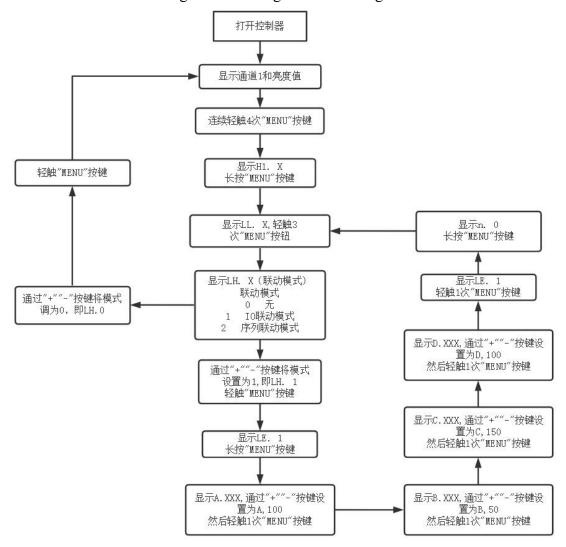


Figure 18 Flow Chart for IO Linkage Mode Setting

2.6.2 Sequence Linkage Mode Setting

In sequence linkage mode, take Channel 1 as the trigger channel. Each time a trigger signal is sent, Channel 1 turns on, and the sequence increments by 1. After incrementing to the last sequence, it automatically returns to the first sequence to cycle. The brightness of the light source during each activation is determined by the group parameters of the current sequence (a maximum of 8 groups of parameters can be preset). The setting method for other trigger channels is similar. Example: When a trigger signal is sent to Channel 1, the brightness of Channel 1's light source follows the sequence: 100, 125, 150, 175, 50, 75. Each trigger causes an increment; after reaching the last sequence, it automatically returns to the first sequence to cycle. The flow chart for sequence linkage mode setting is shown in Figure 19.

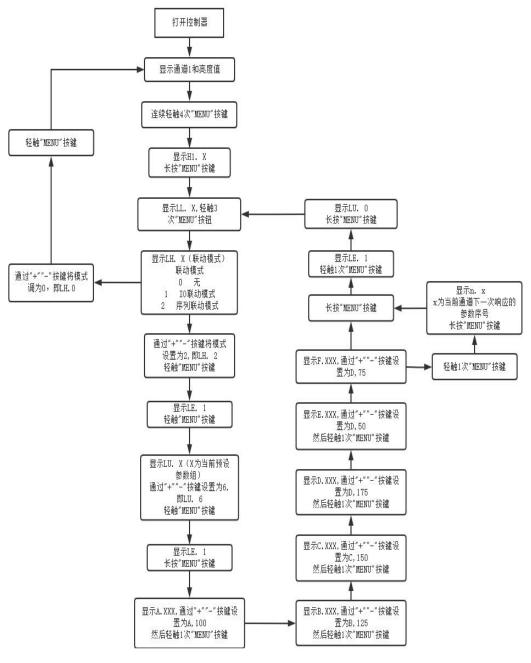


Figure 19 Flow Chart for Sequence Linkage Mode Setting

3. Communication Protocol

3.1 Programming Flow

When controlling the light source controller via the serial port, the communication programming flow is shown in Figure 20:

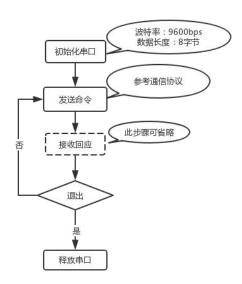


Figure 20 Communication Programming Flow

3.2 Communication Settings

The communication format settings for the serial port are shown in Table 6. Table 6 Serial Port Settings

Baud Rate	Parity	Data Bits	Stop Bits
9600	None	8	1

3.3 Frame Format Description

The communication frame format is shown in Table 7.

Table 7 Frame Format

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7	Byte 8
Feature	Command	Channel	Data 1	ta 1 Data 2	Data 3	XOR Check	XOR Check
Character	Character	Character		Data 2	Data 3	Character 1	Character 2

- 1, All communication bytes use ASCII code.
- 2. The flag is: \$.
- 3. The command is as shown in Table 7 (Command Function Table).
- 4. When the command is "3", "7", "8", or "9":If the controller receives the command successfully, it returns the flag \$;If the controller fails to receive the command, it returns &.

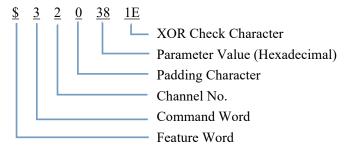
- 5. When the command is "4":If the controller receives the command successfully, it returns the brightness setting parameters of the corresponding channel (the return format is the same as the send format);If the controller fails to receive the command, it returns &.
- 6. The channel is "1", "2", "3", or "4", representing Channels 1 to 4 respectively.
- 7. Data = 0XX (XX is any value from 00 to FF), which is the setting parameter of the corresponding channel. The high byte comes first, and the low byte comes next.
- 8. XOR Checksum = XOR checksum of all bytes except the checksum bytes (including the flag, command, channel, and data). The high 4-bit ASCII code of the checksum comes first, and the low 4-bit ASCII code comes next.

Table 7 Command Function Table

Character	Function	Description
"3"	Set brightness parameters of the	The corresponding channel is determined by the channel byte; brightness
	corresponding channel	parameters are Data 1~Data 3, with a range of 0-FF (255 in decimal).
"4"	Read brightness parameters of the	The corresponding channel is determined by the channel byte; the return
	corresponding channel	format is the same as the send format.
"7"	Trigger stroboscopic function of	The corresponding channel is determined by the channel byte; this function is
	the corresponding channel	invalid in non-stroboscopic modes, and no value is required for the data bits.
"8"	Set mode of the corresponding	The corresponding channel is determined by the channel byte; 0: Constant On, 1:
	channel	Constant Off, 2: Millisecond-level Stroboscopic, 3: Microsecond-level
		Stroboscopic.
"9"	Set stroboscopic time of the	The corresponding channel is determined by the channel byte; this function is
	corresponding channel	invalid in non-stroboscopic modes; stroboscopic parameters are Data 1~Data 3,
		with a range of 0-3E7 (999 in decimal).

3.4 Communication Examples

To set the brightness of Channel 2 to 56, write the ASCII code "\$320381E" (as shown below):



	String	ASCII Code	ASCII Code (Hexadecimal)	Represent High 4 Bits and Low 4 Bits with 8421 Code Respectively
		Couc	(HCAddcciiiiai)	Bits with 6421 Code Respectively
Feature Word	\$	36	24	0010 0100
Command Word	3	51	33	0011 0011
Channel Word	2	50	32	0011 0010
	0	48	30	0011 0000
Data	3	51	33	0011 0011
	8	56	38	0011 1000
XOR Sum				0001 1110
XOR Checksum Word			1 E	

Note: For the three functions of turning on the corresponding channel, turning off the corresponding channel, and reading the parameters of the corresponding channel, the values of the 3 data bytes have no impact on the XOR result during the calculation of the XOR checksum. It is only necessary to ensure the format is 0XX (XX is any value from 00 to FF).

Read data of Channel 2: \$4200012

	String	ASCII	ASCII Code	Represent High 4 Bits and Low 4
		Code	(Hexadecimal)	Bits with 8421 Code Respectively
Feature Word	\$	36	24	0010 0100
Command Word	4	52	34	0011 0100
Channel Word	2	50	32	0011 0010
	0	48	30	0011 0000
Data	0	48	30	0011 0000
	0	48	30	0011 0000
XOR Sum				0001 0010
XOR Checksum Word				1 0

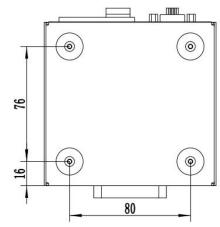
4. Prompt Command Index

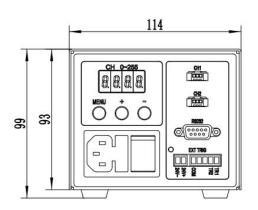
If the controller's nixie tube displays a non-functional prompt command, troubleshoot according to the following command table:

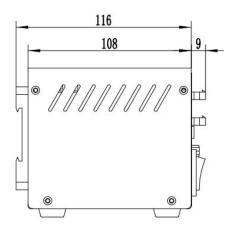
Command	Description	Troubleshooting Solution for Prompt
		Command
F.1	Unregistered	Re-register
F.2	Storage Chip Damaged	Need to return to the factory for repair
F.3	Exceeding Light Source	Check the light source power, whether the
	Power, Short Circuit, Signal	light source is short-circuited, and whether
	Interference	there is signal interference
F.6	Over-Temperature Alarm	Excessively high temperature; check the
	(Available for Some Models)	controller's operating environment
Loc	Key Lock	Unlock via DIP switch or long-press the
		"MENU" button

5. Accessories

2-channel:







4-channel:

